



Interactive map user guidance

To accompany the Pre-Submission Local Plan to 2046

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Disclaimer: This map has been created to accompany the policies within the Pre-Submission Local Plan to 2046. Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the data presented through this map is current and up to date, the Council cannot be held responsible for the misuse or misinterpretation of any information.

Introduction

The Pre-Submission Local Plan to 2046 is accompanied by an [interactive map](#). The map enables residents, agents and planning officers to better navigate and access the information and policies within the Pre-Submission Local Plan to 2046.

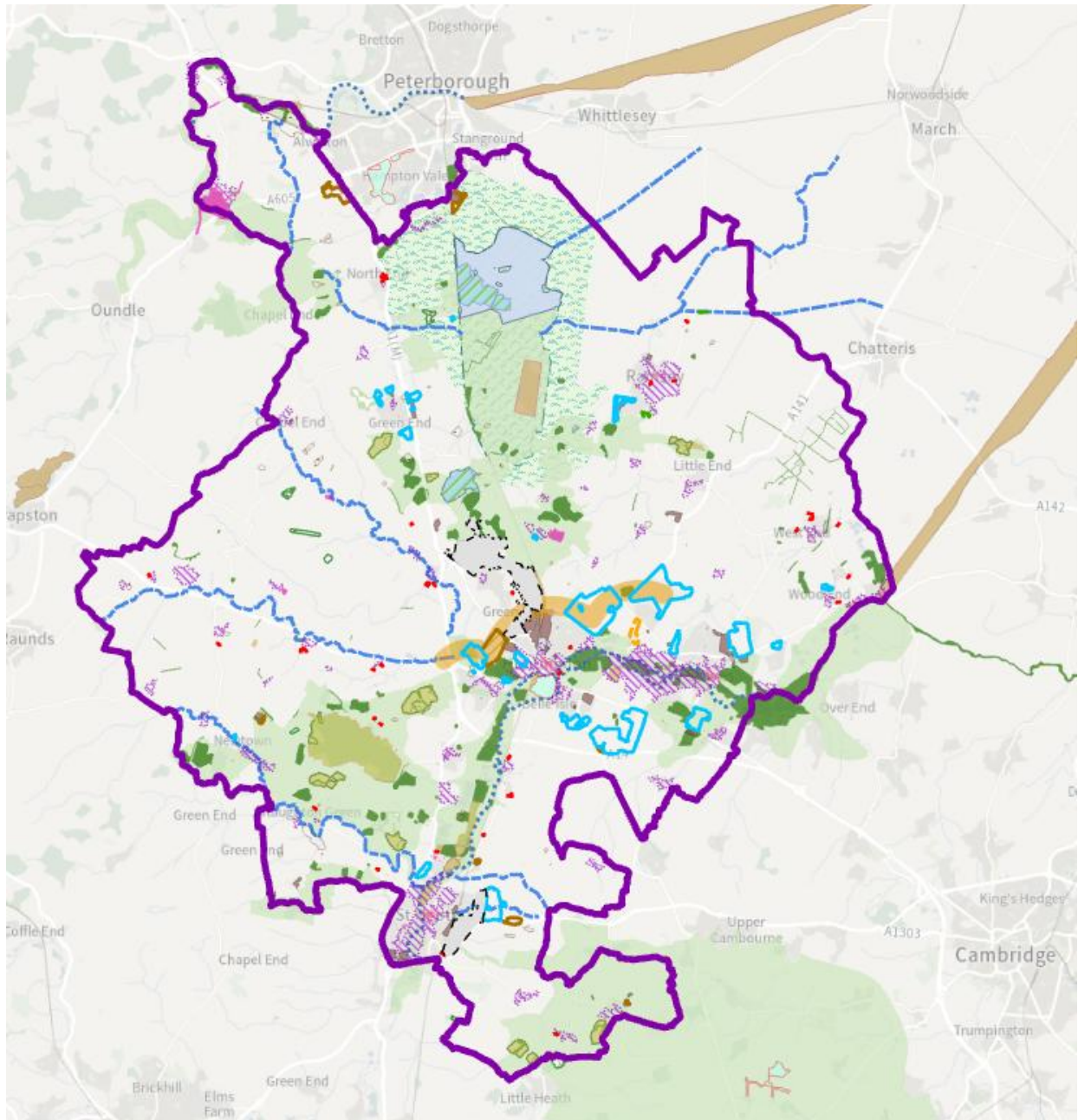
This user guide has been produced to walk through the features and capabilities of the interactive map.

This is on a web-based mapping portal which runs in an internet browser such as Internet Explorer, Chrome and Edge.

The data found within the interactive map includes:

- Pre-Submission Sites – proposed allocations for residential, mixed use, commercial, renewable energy and open space development, it also identifies the indicative spatial area for the North Huntingdonshire Growth Corridor. The layer also includes strategic sites identified in the previous Local Plan that are underway.
- Employment – established employment areas, town centres and primary shopping areas and local centres
- Heritage assets – conservations area, listed buildings, scheduled monuments and registered parks and gardens
- Nature – including internationally, nationally and locally designated sites and ancient woodland. It also includes green and blue infrastructure priority areas and projects
- Climate change – areas with technical potential for wind and ground mounted solar
- District boundary
- Marine Plan Area
- East West Rail safeguarding area
- Agricultural land classification

When the map is opened, it will look like this:

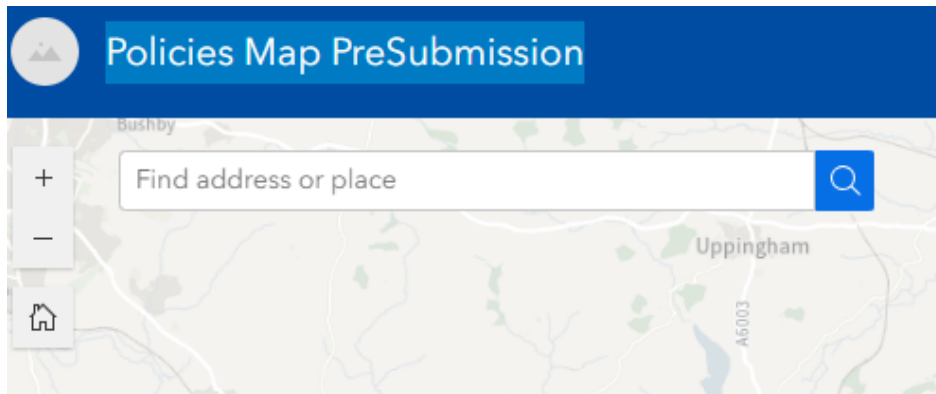


Features and capabilities

There are several tools available to review, query, and interpret map data.

Address search/locations search

In the top left corner of the map you will find the address search tool.



Type a place name or address into the text box. As you type, the search bar will list suggestions. To search, press Enter on the keyboard or press on the magnifying glass icon. This will zoom to the address in the search bar.

Navigation tools

In the top left corner of the map you will find the map navigation tools which allow you to zoom in or out, revert to default map extent and zoom to your location:

- Click  to zoom in or scroll up with mouse wheel
- Click  to zoom out or scroll down with mouse wheel
- Click  to revert to the original extent of map on start-up

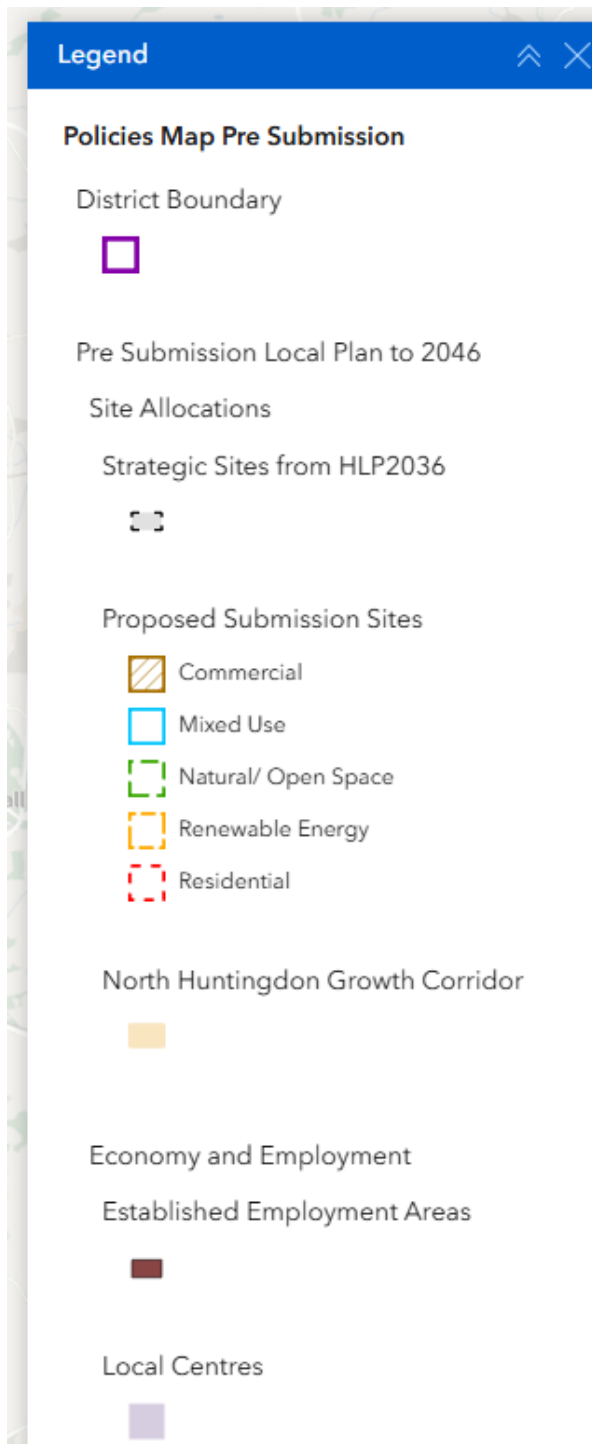
Map legend

The map legend is the description of the types of features included in a map. Legends often use graphics or symbols, or examples of features from the map with a written description of what each symbol or graphic represents



Click the Legend icon to open the map legend. This will display the symbology for current checked layers which should be visible in the map. There is the ability to search the layers.

Features that are not checked will not be displayed in the Legend. Below is an example:



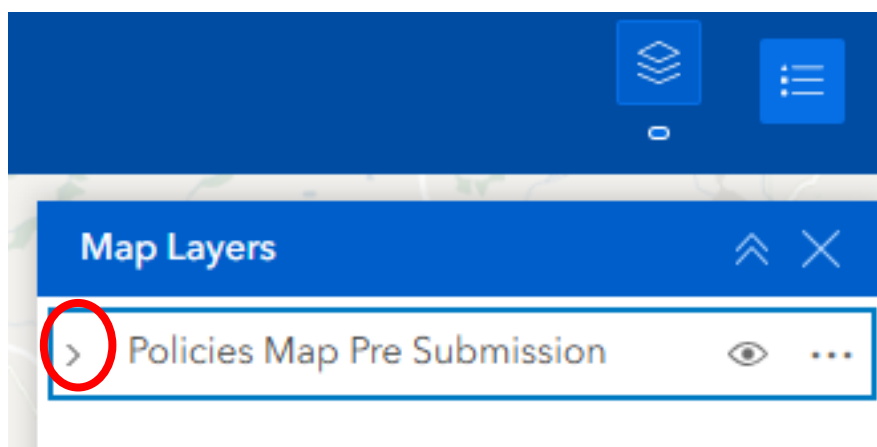
Layer list

A layer is the visual representation of a geographic dataset in any digital map.



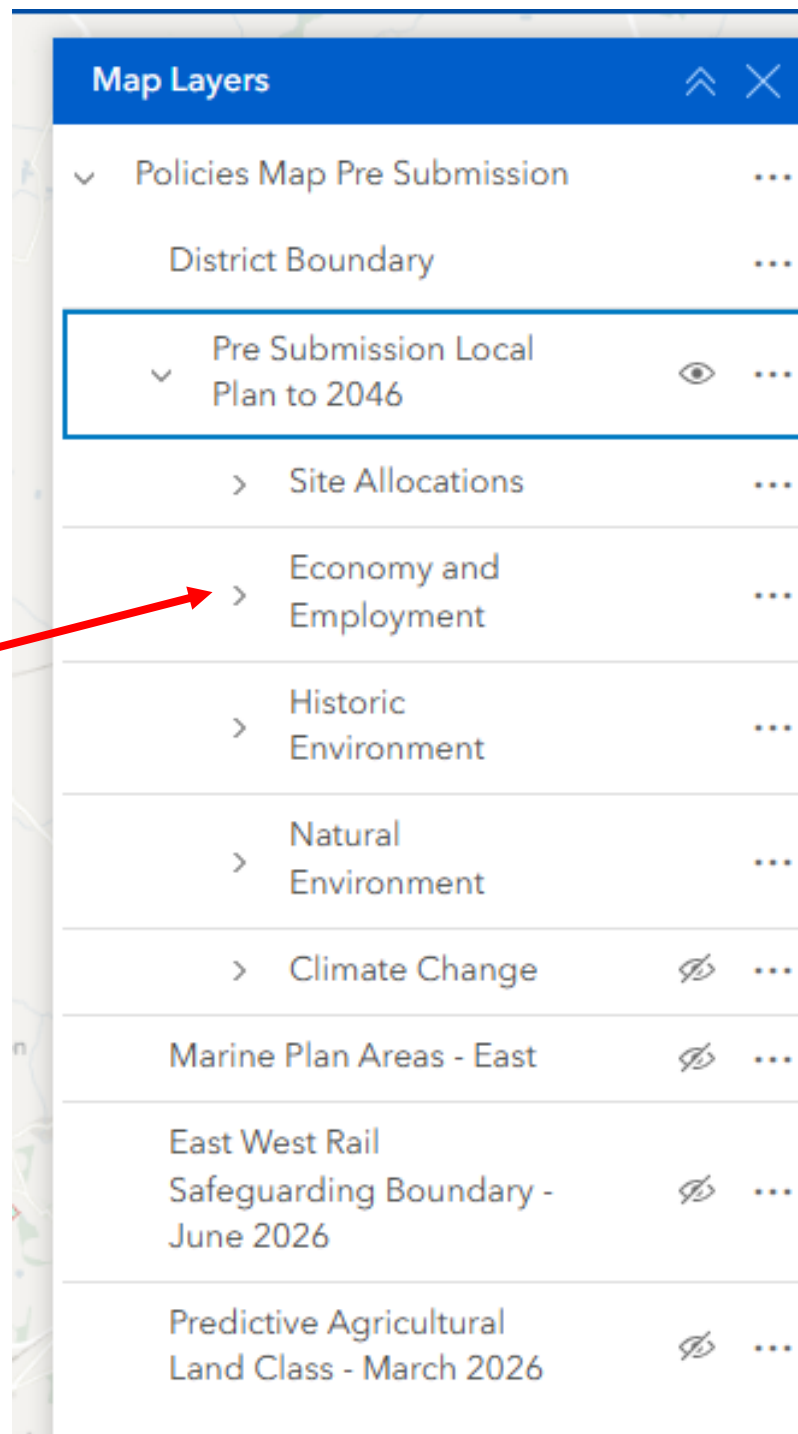
Click the Layer List icon to open the map Layer List. This will display the list of layers currently available in the map.

Click on the arrow to the left of the group layer 'Policies Map Pre Submission' (circled in red) to view individual layers in groups:



Layers which are checked (the eye symbol is not crossed through) will display in the map.

Layers which appear grey will not display at the current zoom level. You must increase zoom level to view these items in the map.



To see the layers within each layer, click the arrow. Once on the desired layer, click the arrow next to that layer and its legend will appear

Note: Both the group layer and the individual layer contained within the group layer must be checked for individual layer to be visible in the map.